had his hat weighed, for the purpose of making a com-parison of the scales upon his return to Philadelphia. Inquiries were made in each of the divisions with re-gard to the damage allowances. No evidence was obtained to support the complaints made that there had been excessive damage allowances in this city. A considerable time was spent in the drug department, making in-quiries particularly in regard to this subject, and then the commissioners passed to the damage division. They were closeted there for over an hour, and the system of appraisement for damage allowances was fully explained. Books and papers and statistical reports covering a period of ten years were thrown open to them, and afterward in the Appraiser's private office further faciliafterward in the Appraiser's private omee an accounter that the resident promition with this matter. The members of the commission remained in the building three or four hours, and from the remarks made appeared to be agreeably surprised at the result of the inquiries. With regard to damage allowances, it was shown that in 1877 these only amounted to about \$245,000, or about one-twelfth of 1 per cent of the total importations, which were nearly \$500,000,000. This percentage, it was claimed, could not affect in any way the trade of Western merchants. It was stated by the enstoms officers that great care was taken in making these allowances, and that at no time had there been such a pressure of business as to cause any lack of care in estimating damage allowances. The members of the commission to-morrow—having adjourned to that day—will investigate the alleged irregularities in the importations and exportations of sugar, and among the merchants invited to be present and testify are Paul Brooks, of Brooks & Co.; Robert Hewitt, ir. of J. M. Ceballos & Co.; Lawson N. Fuller, of Aldama & Fuller; Solon Humphreys, of E. D. Morgan & Co., and William A. Booth, of Booth & Edgar. It is understood that these gentlemen will be requested to give their opinion on the best plan to check existing abuses, and to furnish to the commission all the evidence in their possession of violations of the law, improper exportations and excessive drawbacks.

In connection with the question of duties, more perties were given them to obtain information in connec and excessive drawbacks.

In connection with the question of duties, more particularly in regard to importations of silks, several letters have been received by the commission from witnesses previously examined, in which they advocate specific rather than ad valorem duties.

DISCUSSIONS OF THE GENERAL SYNOD. REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN VIEWS OF SUNDAY OC-CUPATIONS AND OF DISCIPLINE-THE REV. W. J. CLARK'S CASE.

Reports of various committees of the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in North America, now holding sessions at the Twelfth Street Reformed Church, showed yesterday that the affairs of the Church were in a prosperous condition, large accessions having been received during the past year. On the resolution against "Sabbath desceration," the Rev. Nevin Woodside, of Brooklyn, said that Sunday in New-York and Brooklyn was not observed as it should be. New forms of desceration were springing up, and leading men advocated recreation for the poor on Sunday, on the plea that they had no other day for it. Even professing Christians violated the Fourth Commandwent, and some of them read secular papers, even in church. Places of public amusement were thrown open on Sanday. Some men who sat with solemn faces in church, compelled their employés to work on Sunday, on pain of discharge. This was worse treatment than the slaves received, for This was worse treatment than the staves received, for it deprived the men of the opportunity to hear the gospel. In this desceration of the Sabbath he saw the first evidences of the crumbling of the Republic.

The Rev. James Scott, of Kansas, objected to the phrase in the resolution. "Foreigners should be taught that the Sabbath day must be kept sacred;" he wanted all citizens taught it. The resolution was amended to include "foreigners and all citizens," and was adopted unaulmously.

include "foreigners and all citizens." and was adopted unanimously.

The Rev. Mr. Scott, chairman of the Committee on Discipline, reported in favor of confirming the sentence of the Northern Presbyters in the case of the Rev. W. J. Clark, of suspension for one year for alleged immoral and unministerial conduct. The committee thought that Mr. Clark had no ground of complaint against the Presbytery on the merits of the case. After some discussion Mr. Clark was allowed to speak in his own behalf, but he said he had nothing to say beyond his written protest, which complained that the action of the Presbytery was unpresbyterian and oppressive. The Rev. Mr. Woodside declared the action irregular, and pleaded for a lighter sentence, or the entire removal of that given, as he feared Mr. Clark's usefulness as a minister would be impaired. He was a learned man and an efficient minister.

The Rev. A. Thompson then said that the sentence of the Presbytery could not have been found except for Mr. Clark's own admission, in a civil court, that he had assaulted a young woman, and that he was for an hour

the Presbytery could not have been found except for Mr. Clark's own admission, in a civil court, that he had assaulted a young woman, and that he was for an hour in a place he should not have been in. He was fined \$150 for the assault, by the court referred to. Mr. Sample explained that the assault was merely technical, merely laying his hand on the woman's shoulder. Mr. Clark declared that a plot had been entered into against him, and he had suffered in person and pocket by the prosecution. He admitted the second charge, but said he was duped by a trick, and he got away as soon as he could.

The report of the committee, after further warm debates, was adopted unanimously as to the judgment of the Synod, no opposing vote being cast. The Synod will reassemble at 10 a. m. to-day.

ACTIVITY OF THE NATIONAL GUARD.

IT WILL BE READY FOR ANY POSSIBLE COMMUNIS-TIC VIOLENCE.

It has been said recently that the various regiments of the National Guard were making active preparations to meet any Communistic outbreak that might take place this Summer. General Shaler said yesterday : " We are fully alive to the gravity of the situation and will be ready for any emergency. Whether or not any orders have been issued does not concern the public. Nothing of importance has been done, but nothlng will happen that the National Guard is not ready

Colonel Vose, of the 71st Regiment, said he had ordered his regiment to practise street-firing. This was a part of the regular tacties in which all the regiments were expected to be proficient, but in which, it seemed to him, they should be particularly skilled just now. No orders had been issued to him by his superior officers.

Any activity that was noticed among the regiments was Any activity that was noticed among the regiments was the result, be supposed, of the watchindness of the officers. Ex-Governor Morgan has given to the 71st Regiment permission to use the prope ty owned by him at Sixty-minth-st and Madison-ave. for sirect-firing practise. The regiment would have drilled on Monday evening had it not been for the storm. It is not likely that the members will now meet before June 1.

Members of the 22d Regiment whose business is such that any extra drill or duty would cause them great inconvenience, said yesterday they had taken pains to inquire what the prospect for the Summer was: that so far as they had been able to learn no nuusnal activity would be required execut in ease of an outbreak; no new orders had been issued to the regiment.

VISITORS TO THE PARIS EXPOSITION. The steamship Canada, of the French Line, which will sail for Havre to-day, has a saloon list of 108 passengers, many of whom bave return tickets and are going to the Paris Exposition. Among those on board are F. de Luca, the Italian Consul-General to the United States, and the wife, son and daugiter of Judge Speir of the Superior Court. The following is a complete list:

FOR HAVRE—By Steamship Cumded.—F. de Luca, Consultanceal from Hady to the United States, Mr. Speir, Mrs. Speir States, and the wife, son and daughter of Judge Speir of

MANAGEMENT OF THE CITY'S COLLEGE. of the Cl'y of New-York yesterday, a motion was made by ex-Mayor Wickham to retrench in the salarize of the college, as had been done, he sald, throughout the entire educational corps of the city. President Webb, by Mr. Wickham's plan, was to receive in lieu of the \$5,750 allowed him as salary and \$3,000 as house rent, \$7,500, covering all expenses. The matter was laid upon the table for future consideration. The advisability of restoring the office of vice-president was considered, but this was also left to a succeeding meeting. Mr. Wheeler offered an amendment, adding these words, "And in the leftent of the bones of Squire offered an amendment, adding these words," And in the leftent of the bones of the city upon the admission of students into the intro-At a meeting of the trustees of the College

ductory class, and the clause is to take effect at the entrance examination in June, 1879.

RAPID TRANSIT PROGRESS. CONNECTIONS WITH THE EAST RIVER BRIDGE-WORK

ON THE NEW-YORK ELEVATED ROAD. The Rapid Transit Committee of the East River Bridge Trustees yesterday discussed the question of quick travel over the bridge with the members of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Commission, and other persons interested in the subject. There were present Messrs. Kinsella, Kingsley, Stranaban, Murphy, Hall, Hitchcock, Haswell and Leary, of the committee; Campbell, Culyer, Adams, Lowery and Clement, of the commission General John Newton, Assistant Engineer Payne and Messrs. Snow, Stone and Emory, who are Campbell said: "We appear here at your invito do, and how we can arrange our route to connect with the bridge." Mr. Stranahan teplied: "The bridge is so constructed that at its completion or at any time it can meet roads at either end, either at grade or elevated roads. There is nothing in the construction of the

can meet roads at either end, either at grade or elevated roads. There is nothing in the construction of the bridge to forbid either. As to allowing locemotives to crossthe bridge, that is a question now before the committee and I will not venture an opinion."

Mr. Kinsella remarked that the bridge could not be adapted to every scheme of transit, and pointed to a model of the Safety Elevated Road, which runs on a single track, the ears extending on either side below the rail. Mr. Stone, representing this road, said there would be no difficulty in currying it across the bridge. It could be placed on top of the trusses, and would then take up none of the bridge floor. He asserted that these cars could not be olown over, saying that, according to the Chief Engineer, the cars on the bridge would have to stand a wind pressure of 21 pounds to the square inch. Those of the Gibbert Road would withstam a pressure of 16 pounds, but a pressure of 127go pounds would blow over the ears of the New-York Elevated Road. The cars of the Safety Road could not leave the track until the whole structure was overtured.

Mr. Emory said: "I should like to know what load for ench running foot, on a guage of 4 feet 8½ inches, the bridge will carry. I understand that the plans of the capineer prayne replied: "Each floor beam is calculated in widn of track to withstand a load of 5 tons, and the beams are 7½ feet apart. If the strain on a single floor-beam exceeds 5 tons, the load will be carried by the truss, which will distribute the weight." Mr. Emory remarked that there would be about 1.335 pounds for ench foot, and in conclusion remarked: "The question seems much simpler than when we came together. No company can have any excellently in consecting with a road from any direction." The trusses for the New-York Elevated Railroad have been put up in Third-ave, as far as Fiftiethst, and other parts of the work are being pushed forward as fast as possible. The plans and specifications of the stations are marrly completed, and the contracts f

TWO WILL CONTESTS. LITTLE PROGRESS IN THE WOOD AND MERRILL

CASES. The Wood will case was before Surrogate Calvin yesterday, on the question of the admission to probate of the codicil by which Samuel Wood leaves the greater portion of his estate for the founding of a musical college. This contest is made by Mr. Schenek, one of the executors under the original will, on the ground of undue influence exerted upon the testator by Dr. Eimer in favor of the musical college project, and also on the ground of the illegality of the codicil as not revoking the trust in the will. The counsel for the proponents said that he had expected that opposition to the will would be withdrawn, in accordance with propositions of settlement that had been made, and therefore only two witnesses were present. Proof of the signing of the codicil was given by the witnesses to it, and the case was adjourned until Friday, with the expectation on the part of the proponents counsel that a settlement would be reached before that time. It was expected that important testimony would be taken in the Merrill will case before the Surrogate vesteriary, and the room was crowded with people. They were disappointed, however, as it was found impossible to go on with the testimony. The testatrix, Mrs. Caroline A. Merrill, by her last will left all her property for religious and charitable objects. The principal contestant is her adopted son, George H. Merrill, in whose favor a former will was made. The codicil of the last will was signed in Rome, and one of the subscribing witnesses was Dr. Bernard Smith, a theological professor. Dr. Smith was well secondaried with Mrs. Merrill, and it is claimed is in ground of undue influence exerted upon the testator

will was made. The codicil of the last will was signed in Rome, and one of the subscribing witnesses was Dr. Bernard Smith, a theological professor. Dr. Smith was weil acquainted with Mrs. Merrill, and it is claimed is in possession of important facts which cannot well be obtained without his attendance in court. Judge Potter, of counsel for the proponent, says that he has been making efforts to bring Dr. Smith to this country and hopes by the time that the case is again called to have him here. If he is unable to come his evidence will be taken commission. Interrogatories for commissions to take the testimony of two witnesses, one in Omaha and the other in Paris, were filed yesterday. The case was adjourned to November 12.

COAL PRODUCTION AND PRICES. MEETING OF THE BOARD OF CONTROL-AN ADVANCE

IN RATES RECOMMENDED. The Board of Control of the Anthracite Coal Combination met yesterday, in this city, and fixed the amount of coal to be mined during the month of June at 1,734,000 tons, against 1,300,000 tons for May, and 2,125,000 tons for June, 1877. The amount allotted to each company is as follows:

Phitadelphia and Beading Lehigh Valley Central of New-Jersey Delaware Lackawanna and Western Delaware and Hudson Pennsylvania Railroad Pennsylvania Coal Company	Tons. 633,000 304,000 219,000 205,000 141,000 125,000 107,000
Total	1,734,000

This will make the entire output of coal for the six nonths ending July 1, 7,000,000 tons, and it is expected that by that date each company in the combination will

It was recommended at the meeting yesterday that the price of coal be advanced from 10 to 25 cents per ton. The Delaware and Hudson Company took the lead with the following increase: Furnace, steamer and grate, 10 cents; egg, 15 cents; stove, 20 cents, and chestnut 25 cents.

The Lehigh Valley Coal Company

chestnut 25 cents.

The Lehigh Valley Coal Company, after the meeting, issued its circular of prices for June. These are the same as charged in May, and it is stated that neither the Lehigh Valley Coal Company nor the individual miners of that district will advance the price of coal, as recommended by the Board of Control.

CREEDMOOR'S SPRING MEETING.

FIFTY-FOUR MATCHES AND LARGER PRIZE LISTS. About 600 entries have already been filed for the regular matches, and double that number of entries is anticipated for the special matches, which will be shot during the Spring Meeting of the National Rifle Association, to open to-morrow at Creedmoor. There will be four matches shot on the first day, beginning with the Leech Cup, under the direction of the Amateur with the Leech Cup, under the direction of the Amateur Rufle Club. This contest is open to all native-born citizens of the United States, and all resident members of the club, without regard to nationality. It will take pince on the long rances, filteen shots at each range. The cup is now held by Major H. S. Jewell, who won it hast year on a score of 213 in a possible 225. The next matches will be the Frazier match for \$250 in gold, in four prizes, at 200 yards, open to teams of two from each company in the National Guard; "Soldiers' Match," for a bronze trophy, at 200 yards, open to teams of eight from each company in the National Guard; "Strimshers' Match," at 200 and 500 yards. The new club house will be opened.

ers' Match," at 200 and cooper, will be ten matches at 300 on the second day there will be ten matches at 300 rards, five at 800 yards, three at 1900 yards, three at 1,000 vards, and a special match for four rifles, offered by sharps, Rifle Company, to tenms of four from any military organization, using any rifle, and shooting at 800. tory organization, using any rifle, and shooting at 800, 900, and 1,000 yards.

On the third day there will be twelve matches at 200 yards, seven at 500 yards, and six at 600 yards. The matches at the 500 and 600 yards will be from a military position.

PROGRESS OF THE BRIDGE WORK.

The fifty-fourth strand out of the seventysix required to complete the East River Bridge cables was finished Monday. Mr. Farrington stated that he would have all the wire run over the river by September 1. The work of wrapping the cables will require about two months more, when the main part of the cable work will be completed. During Monday a dozen men were seated over the centre of the river on the main cables engaged in painting the wire. To a stranger passing over the foot-bridge this portion of the work seems very difficult, as the men are not in any way secured to the cables, but depend entirely upon their arms and legs for

cables, but depend entirely upon their arms and legs for safety.

Engineer Farrington, who is in charge of the work on this side of the river, has finished laying the base stone for the approach on Frankfortst, between Cliff and Vandewater-sts. Nearly all the foundations for the approach piers have been excavated. The old and dilapidated buildings in the immediate vicinity of the anchorace, which were purchased by the bridge company, have been torn down to make room for the approach. The plan of supporting the roadway of the approach on the New-fork side has occupied much of the attention of the engineers. Wrought-iron columns were suggested at first, but brick arches and piers are preferred, and brick will probably be used throughout. Brick piers can be erected with equal rapidity and will be more substantial and permanent. They resist the action of fire, while iron columns do not.

for about a fortnight had shown signs of mental de-rangement. Coroner Shortner held au inquest on Mon-day, when a verdict was rendered in accordance with the above facts.

A TEXAS "COLONEL'S" SWINDLING CAREER. The name of "Colonel" William Fitz-Charles McCarthy, a very successful swindler, is familiar to the criminal authorities of this city. He was well-known on Broadway, and was supposed by many to possess large wealth and much land in Texas, whence he came here. Detective Sampson, of the Stock Exchange and Sub-Treasury, Monday received a letter from Sergeant Hancock, of the London detective force, informing him that McCarthy had arrived there, and desiring to know whether he was "wanted," Sergeant Hancock said that McCarthy was living in a fine house, at No. 13 Lands-

downer Terrace, a fashionable portion of London.

In speaking of McCarthy's career Detective Sampson said: "McCarthy's people are from Hagerstown, Md., and he was born in Pittaburg, Penn., though he lived for many years in Galveston, Texas. He served in the Confederate Army, and his left hand was almost shot off in Virginia. He never was a colonel, but I believe he held the rank of lieucolonel, but I believe he held the rank of lieutenant. He is now thirty-five years old. When the war closed, McCarthy became an adventurer. In 1871 he told Thomas C. Acton that he could save for the Government \$6,000.000 in United States bonds, which had been stolen from the Treasury agents in London. Mr. Acton took him to General Hillhouse, who turned him over to me. McCarthy's story was that he formed the acquaintance of persons in Washington who had the bends and were willing to give them up for \$250,000 in greenbacks. He wanted \$25,000 for ms services. The other persons, he said, were in the city, but they must be assured of the mency before they would show the bon's. What gave an air of truth to the story was that McCarthy said these men told him that the bonds had been stolen by two Treasury clerks, mentioning their names. They actually were the only persons who cound steal the bonds, if any were stolen. Of course we were not going to trust McCarthy, so we got a pile of counterfeit money and deposited it in Henry Clew's office to McCarthy, on inquiry, was informed that bills for \$250,000 were deposited to his credit. For four days we followed McCarthy to his appointments with the other persons at the Mctorpolitan, St. Nicholas and New-York Hotels and the Hoffman House. The other persons wanted McCarthy to pass them the money out of a carriage window, and again through a partially opened room door. He refused, and my assistants were in the next room. When they locked the door of the room on him, McCartay said: 'I hope there won't be any trouble, because I have my Iriends outside, and I have not got the money with me.' The men at once opened the door and walked out. We met them in the hall. They were four clever 'sawinst' swindier's hearted by the motorious Charles Stone, I tenant. He is now thirty-five years old. When the men at once opened the door and walked out. We me them in the hall. They were four elever 'sawdust swindlers, leaded by the notorious Charles Stone, have not made up my my mind yet whether McCarth, intended to swindle us if he could, but I think he acce in good faith, and that the sawdust men were trying t

"McCarthy's last exploit was in fabricating letters giv-ing the particulars of the purchase of Cuban privatees in England. These letters were supposed to be written by R. Waipele Carlin, a Cuban agent in London, and addressed to Señor Aidama, the President of the Cuban Junta. He sold them to Señor Mantilla, the Spanish Min-later. McCarthy got about 88,500 out of the Spanish Minister, and was to receive \$5,000 more. He made the affidavit on which the Estelle was detained ano the Spanish Minister paid bin \$1,500 for it. When McCar-try found that suspicion rested on him he left the com-ing the London. There are several indictinents against him in the District-Altorney's office, but as they are only for false pretences, I deant whether he can be broacht over here, unless England surrenders blin as a matter of accommodation."

EXCISE MATTERS ON LONG ISLAND. Since the decision of the Excise Commisioners of the town of Brookhaven, Long Island, about two weeks ago, that they would grant no licenses what ever, there has been considerable excitement in Patchoque and other villages, and the saloen keepers determined to close their bars, the purpose being to create such a feeling as to compel the Commissioners to reconsider their determination. The members of the Excise Board, however, have shown no signs of relenting, and the consequence is a resort to the courts to compel them to because certain hotels and mas in Patchogue. There is trouble also in the town of Islip. The Excise Commissioners met two weeks ago, and received a number of petitions against granting any heceived a number of get time to consider the matter, they adjourned until the first Saturday, in June. Meanwhile all the liquor sellers of the town are selling without heceived hetween the extremes of \$30 and \$100 for a hotel license, and placed the fee at \$60, supervisor Clement, of Hempstead, having determined to increase the bonds of the Excise Commissioners of that town from \$1,500 to 86,000, in consequence of the large increase of receipts for licenses at Far Rockaway and the beach last year, two members of the board-Messes. Carroll, of Rockaway, and Mott, of Pearsail's—nave refused to qualify, and the board consequently has done no busicess. determined to close their bars, the purpose being to

EMBARRASSED IN BUSINESS.

Charles Merrill & Sons, manufacturers and dealers in hardware, at No. 556 Grand-st., have suspended. Their embarrassment is mainly the result of the depreciation in real estate and losses by fire. The the depreciation in real estate and losses by fire. The total liabilities, including real estate mortgages, are about \$150,000. Their assets are nominally larger, and consist of real estate, stock, machinery, and book accounts. The real estate is valued at \$110,600, but the equity is about \$50,000; the stock and machinery is valued at about \$75,000. They have a foundry in Wilmansburg worth probably \$30,000.

At the meeting of the creditors of Charles Henry Hickman, at the office of Register Allen yesterday, David Thornton was elected assignee. Four chaims, amounting to \$11,074, were proved.

The schedules of Emily Bloch and Moses Bloch (E. Bloch & Son), filed yesterday, state their liabilities at \$20,278 95, and their assets at \$4,719 18.

CARDINAL MCCLOSKEY AT HOME. from Europe yesterday morning at half-past 10 o'clock, by the steamship Periere, of the French Line. He was accompanied by his secretary, Father Farley, and was met at the wharf by Bishop Lynch, Vicar-General Quinu, and Fathers Kearley, O'Reilley, Kean, Hogan, and Mc-Dowell. Entering his carriage the Cardinal was driven to his residence at Madison-ave, and Thirty-sixth-st., where Chancellor Preston and Father Donnelley received

The Cardinal did not suffer from sea-sickness on this voyage, which was unusual good fortune for him. With the exception of considerable fatigue, he is very weil. Arrangements are making to give him a formal welcome at 5t. Patrick's Cathedral about May 28.

NEW-JERSEY EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

The fourth annual convention of the Episopal Diocese of Northern New-Jersey met yesterday n Grace Church, at Orange, with a large attendance of delegates. The Rev. Dr. Harrison, of Grace Church, delegates. The Rev. Dr. Harrison, of Grace Church, Newark, preached the opening scrinon. Bishop Odenheimer, in his anutal address, says he has never found more vigorous work engaged in, and a more hopeful spirit of life manifested, than he has met with in every portion of the diocese. The statistical portion of the address, covering the time since November, 1877, is as follows: Confirmed, 463; clergymen received from other dioceses, 4; clergymen dismissed to other dioceses, 1. Clergy in the diocese: Bishop, 1; priests,465; deacons, 4; total, 70. There are 66 incorporated parishes in the diocese, and 21 missions.

A DISASTROUS VISIT TO THE CITY.

Michael Lane, of Rochester, an old soldier, who came to this city three or four days ago in relation to a pension claimed to be due him since 1865, was found by Officer Kelly, of the Fourteenth Precinct, at an early by Officer Keily, of the Fourteenth Precinct, at an early hour vesterday morning asicep in "Happy Alley," a lane leading from Mott-st. His clothes were covered with the dirt of the street, and so obstinate was his resistance that it required four officers to bring him to the station-house. On being charged with disorderly conduct, before Justice Morgan, he rand that he had \$300 in his pocket when leaving home, and that he collected \$400 on account of his pension claim. He spent only forty-five dollars for a suit of clothes, and on being searched he had not one dollar in his possession. He was discharged.

POOL-SELLING IN HOBOKEN.

It was rumored Monday that the Hoboken authorities intended to stop pool-selling in that city, and that arrests would be made if pools were sold on the Baltimore and Louisville races. This sold on the Baltimore and Danston acceptage of the Baltimore races, prevented many New-York betting men from visiting Hoboken last evening. Less than fifty men crossed the river to buy pools, and these were found in the rooms of Kelly & Bliss, at No. 68 Hudson-st, Hoboken. No arrests were usade, and so far as could be learned none had been intended by the Hoboken officials. Kelly & Bliss sold pools on the Louis-

LARGE ROBBERY OF DRUGS. Officer Gears, of the Church Street Police, saw two men Monday night in Greenwich-st. carrying three satchels and acting in a suspicious manner. He stopped them and was about picious manner. He stopped them and was about to ask them their business, when they dropped the satchels, and ran away. The officer captured Charles Henry, of No. 315 East Eighty-fifth-st.; the other man escaped. In the satchels was found a large quantity of quinine, morphine, and other articles, of the value of \$1,000, which had been stolen from the store of Dayld N. Stiger, druggist, at No. 85 Barchay-st.

A COLORED SAILOR WITH TWO WIVES. Andrew Van Kuren, colored, of Stapleton, shipped in a vessel for Liverpool in November last, re-turning to his home a few days ago. He was somewhat turning to his home a few days ago. He was somewhat surprised to find that during his absence his brother Isaac had alienated his wife's affection from him and for some time had been living with her. Isaac immediately disappeared and Mrs. Van Kuren went home to her father. Believing that his wife had no further claim upon him Andrew married Miss Elida Wormsbly, of Bocky Hollow, on Sunday evening. His first wife is now living in the same block with the newly married pair.

NEW-YORK DAILY TRIBUNE, WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1878.

HOME NEWS. THERMOMETER YESTERDAY AT HUDNUTS, NO 9 a. m., 56°. Noon, 66°. 3 n. m., 76°. Midnight, 62°. Highest during the day, 76°. Lowest, 52°. Average, 63°s. Same day, 1877, 63°s.

PEOMINENT ARRIVALS.

NEW-YORK CITY. A large striped bass, weighing 50 pounds, is

xhibited at Fulton Market. The Union Evangelical Tent, at Fiftycond-st, and Seventh-ave., was blown down at an early hour yesterday morning, by the high wind.

Mingling of National characteristics: A fat German baby in a perambulator on the Bowery, with a pretzel in one pudgy hand and a small American flag in Washington Market was never more attrac-

ive than now. The strawberry meets one at every turn and its faint, pleasant odor fills the air. Cherries also adorn a few stands.

The lemonade vender, who has been forced of late to drink the greater part of his stock of ruby colored beverage, yesterday was besieged by the thirsty and drove a thriving trade.

The nomination of George Jones for Police missioner was rejected by the Board of Aldermen yesterday, by unanimous vote. Mr. Jones had asked that his name should be withdrawn.

Between 300 and 400 men gathered at the ass-meeting of furniture workers, in Teutonia Assembly Rooms last evening. Charles Steer, the chairman advocated the formation of a central organization.

The Produce Exchange yesterday passed clutions testifying to the esteem for its late member, The following persons were elected trustees

of the Clinton Hall Association yesterday: Isaac H.

General Hancock has directed the Bragg Battery of Light Artillery, stationed at Fort Hamilton, to be held in readiness for the general parade on Decora-tion Day, as requested by General Nelson Cross, chair man of the Committee of Arrangements.

A concert, in aid of the Franklin Arctic Search Party, will be given at Steinway Hall this even-ing. Among the artists who have volunteered their services are Miss Annie J. Borle, Miss A. Henne, Harri-son Mülard, S. B. Mills, Dr. L. Damrosch, F. Berguer, and F. Gilder.

The annual election of the Mercantile Library Association was held yesterday at Chiton Hall. Four directors were chosen to serve for three years, and the following were elected without opposition: Win. H. Guion, jr., W. D. Searls, George D. Farrar and Seymour A. Bunce. Two hundred and sixty-eight ballots were Miss Kate A. Sanborn will give a reading

at old Chickering Hall, No. 11 East Fourteenth-st., this evening, on "Newspaper Wits." This lecture is one of the most attractive of the series which Miss Sanborn recently delivered in Dr. Crosby's Church, and will be the last she will give in this city at present. Aftred P. Burbank will assist. The New-York and Harlem Rathroad direc-

tors were reflected yesterday. There was no opposition

ticket. The names are: William II. Vanderbilt, Corne-lins Vanderbilt, William K. Vanderbilt, Walliam C. Wet-more, Augustus Schell, Abraham B. Baylis, James H. Banker, John B. Dutcher, Joseph Harker, Robert J. Niyou and Chauncy M. Depew. The annual meeting of railroad purchasing agents was begun yesterday, at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

agents was begin yestermy, in the ct. The attendance was large. The object of the meeting is to confer in regard to the quality of railroad material, and the wear of articles used in the equipment of roads. The question of prices will not be discussed. The convention will last for several days. The members of the Congregation Gates of Prayer met last evening and appointed a committee of seven to prepare suitable resolutions regarding the

death of their minister, the Rev. S. M. Isanes. A letter of condolence and a copy of resolutions from the Nine-teenth Street Congregation were read. The funeral will take place at the Synagogue to-morrow. Among a number of tropical fishes and curias creatures received at the Aquarium yesterday, from

terday morning, suffering with a wound under the right ear. He said he was night watchman at the bonded ware-house at Washington and Leroy-sts., and that he was shot by some unknown person. The wound was found to have been caused probably by falling on some sharp instrument. He had evidently been intoxicated.

Brayton Ives, president, and other officers of the New-York Stock Exchange, deny the Wall-st. or the New-10th Stock Exchange, deny the waitst, rumor that a member of the Exchange is charged with taking for his own use \$6,000 deposited with him by a widow of a former member, on the ground that he was indebted to him in that sum. No such complaint has been made, and the officers of the Exchange stated that they had not even heard of the story until informed by the reporters.

The following subscriptions have been reden, \$100; James Stokes, \$25; Oelrichs & Co., \$20; Mrs. N. E. Baylies, \$20; Margaret G. Higginson, \$10; Emil Calman & Co., \$5; B. T. Babbitt, three boxes of soap; through R. M. Vermilye, \$3. Further contributions are solicited, and may be sent to Henry Bergh, Twenty-see ond-st. and Fourth-ave. Caswell, Hazard & Co., No. 1088 Broadway, or to Henry King, No. 304 West Twenty-slighth-at.

ty-eighth-st. BROOKLYN. Mrs. Ellen Johnson, residing in Kosciuskost., has been missing since April 1. She left her home to call on some friends in this city and has not been seen

John H. Burleson has been appointed a Deputy Revenue Collector, and assigned to duty in the Sixth Division, in the place of Captain Enoch Jacobs, who is assigned to the Seventh Division, to succeed Frederick Cocheu, removed.

General A. J. Meyer yesterday telegraphed

yesterday, from the Signal Service Office in Washington, to A. J. Kimball, Marshal of the Clinton Avenus Division, which is to take part in the Sunday-school Auniversary to-day, "A pleasant march for the Sunday-school army." In addition to a simple verdict of accidental

death in the case of James McCaffill, the jury declared that McCaffill's injuries were of a fatal nature when he was first discovered by the surgeon, and recommended a more careful examination of injured or sick persons by the police or hospital surgeons.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR.

ALBANY, May 21 .- Governor Robinson to-day signed a number of bills, including the following:

signed a number of bills, including the following:
Amending the act providing for security against extraordinary conflagrations, and for the creation of safety funds by fire insurance companies.

Repealing the Newburg Vagrant Act.
Amending the set regulating coroners' fees.
Relative to auctioneers.
Amending the act relative to offences punishable by imprisonment in jails and by fine.
Providing ways and means for the support of the Government.

Providing ways and means for the appearance.

To facilitate the making of proofs of discharge from State Frison upon a trial for a second offence.

To authorize the Controller to compromise and settle old judgments and contract debts.

To legalize acts of Surrogates and others, granting letters of administration and to provide for issuing such letters in certain cases.

Amending the act relating to courts, officers of justice, and civil proceedings.

Relating to power of attorney by married women.

Authorizing official seals for the Superintendent of Public Works, Superintendent of State Prisons and State Treasurer.

Treasurer. Relative to taking clams and oysters in the waters of Relative to the property and families of absconding

years old, was admitted to the New-York Hospital yes, terday afternoon, suffering from the effects of some

POISONED BY MISTAKE OR DESIGN, Adolphe Botchut, a Frenchman, about sixty

POSTSCRIPT

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

THE CONGRESS DEEMED PROBABLE.

LONDON, Wednesday, May 22, 1878. The Vienna dispatch of The Daily Telegraph says the possibility of a Congress seems to be generally admitted, although few have confidence in its result. Count Andrassy no longer has implicit faith in that mode of settlement.

THE BRITISH FLEET TO MOVE. LONDON, Wednesday, May 22, 1878. Owing to the unsettled state of public affairs in Constantinople, the English fleet will probably move to the Princes' Islands.

[ For other Foreign News, see Fifth Page.] SUDDEN ILLNESS OF A CLERGYMAN.

The Rev. Abraham B. Carter, D. D., of No. 475 Lexington-ave., rector of the Church of the Holy Saviour, at No. 40 East Twenty-fifth-st., was taken suddenly Ill, last evening, in a Madison-ave. car, at Fifty-fourth-st. He was removed to St. Luke's Hospital.

AN ESCAPING PRISONER KILLED. Boston, May 21,-Charles White, sentenced o the House of Correction for robbery, was instantly killed near Westboro to-day, while attempting to escape by jumping from a train. Officer Powers having him in charge, in attempting to prevent his escape, was also thrown out and seriously injured.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES. WHEELING, Va., May 21 .- H. S. White, of Mar-

NEW-ORLEANS, May 21 .- Judge Rightor, of the PHILADELPHIA. May 21.—The society of the Cin-

musti will begin its iftermal session to-morrow morning, the Aldine Hotel. On Thursday a grand banquet will be ven by the Pennsylvania society to the delegates.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN THE BOWERY. ONE MAN KILLED AND TWO MEN INJURED BY THE

FALL OF AN ELEVATED RAILBOAD GIRDER. As workmen were employed in placing in esition one of the large gleders of the Elevated Rail-cad, opposite No. 21 Bowery, yesterday noon, the holstng chain broke and t'e girder feil to the pavement, severely injuring three workmen. Five men were on the top of the pillars, holsting with a steam ngine. Other workmen were underneath, under the di rection of Mr. Partridge, foreman of that section. The girder that was being holsted was 44 feet 4% inches in leneth, and welched 5,634 pounds. The chain had been tested for 8,000 pounds, and only a cay or two before girders weighing over 7,000 pounds were holsted by it. In this instance, however, when the girder had reached the height of ten feet, a crash was heard and the girder struck the fagging beneath. Foreman Partridge narrowly escaped it as it fell. John Robinson, age thirty years, of No. 333 East Thity-Sixth-st., had his hip broken, and was slightly injured on the head. Bayard A. Berry man, age 46 years, of No. 88 East Thity-sixth, had his left leg split its entire length and his foot terribly crashed, be sides receiving other slight hiptries. Edward McKenina, age forty years, of No. 445 Eim-st., was higher on the head, had several ribs broken, and received internal injuries. The thiured men were attended by physicians near by, and were afterward removed to the Chambers Street Hospital. McKenina died at 6 o'clock. Berryman's foot was amputated. Robinson was apparently improving at 11 p. m. rection of Mr. Partridge, foreman of that section. The

amputated. Robinson was apparently improving at 11 p. m.

Subsequent examination of the chain showed that a defective link had caused the accident. A Third Avenue car passing at the time narrowly escaped being embled by the end of the girder six fell. The girder sirruck on its edge on the paveneut, slavering the flags into fragments. It then redounded several inches, canted a little, and remained right side up.

In the midst of the crowd that assembled at the scene of the accident, Detective McConnell, of the Central Office, surprised John Lestrange, a well-known young that, in the act of picking a woman's pocket. As the officer seized the thief, several young fellows, evidently of the same gaug, attempted to rescue him. Assistance was called for, and, with the help of another officer, the thief was safely ledged in the Central Office.

SCURIY ON RANDALUS ISLAND.

SEVEN OR EIGHT DEATHS DURING THE WINTER-NO FEARS ENTERTAINED OF A SPREAD OF THE

President Townsend Cox, of the Department f Charities and Corrections, said, yesterday, in regard to the report that many of the idiots on Randall's Island had died from scurvy, that the whole matter had been greatly exaggerated. Scurvy was found in Among a number of tropical lishes and current and losses by fire. The tailing real estate mortgages, are call estate is valued at \$110,600, but the brought to this city, but the creatures soon die here, brought estate is valued at \$110,600, but the food of the stock and machinery is 5,000. They have a foundry in Wilchelby \$30,000. They have a foundry in Wilc

For all lung complaints and throat troubles Dr. IAYNE'S EXPECTORANT'S both a pulliative and curative. It is a standard remedy besides for coughs and colds, and needs only a trial to prove its merit.

E. HOWARD & Co. Watches are made on a different principle, so far as the winding is concerned, from any other watch in the world. It is simple in construction, and not liable to breakage of spring and general derangement. They are the best in the market. Ask the dealers for them.

Roofing. Boller Coverings, Fire-Proof Paints, Coatings, Cements, &c.

STRICTURE, Impotence, and Diseases of the Generative Organs radically and speedily caret. Hours dto3 and6to7. HENRY A.DANIELS, M.D., 144 Lexington-av.

TIFFANY & CO.'S Hard Metal Plated Ware is silver soldered in every joint, and super

rior to any heretofore made. It is more economical than ordinary plated-ware, being absolutely indestructible by family, hotel, club, or restaurant use. Their Forks and Spoons are different from all

UNION-SQUARE.

#### HOUSE FURNISHING CHINA AND GLASS,

COOKING UTENSILS. EDDY'S REFRIGERATORS. Lewis & Conger,

HAIR ON BALD HEADS

MINEROLEUM WILL RESTORE THE NATURAL COLOR

WILL CURE ALL SCALP DISEASES.

WILL PREE THE HEAD FROM DANDRUFF.

MINEROLEUM WILL PRESERVE THE HARL AND KEEP IT

> Manufactured by MINEROLEUM MAN'F'G Co.,

W. H. SCHEIFFELIN & CO SOLE AGENTS, 170 AND 172 WILLIAM-ST.,





The most beautiful and perfect Mower ever offered. Eight sizes for hand use, at prices from \$10 apward. Acknowledged in Europe and the United States to be the Lawn Mower par excellence. Exally operated, noiseless, and for beauty and evenness of work, it cannot be excelled. We warrant every machine. Dou't buy any other till you see this mower. A splendid assortment always on hand.

CARR & HOBSON, 47 Cliff-st. New-York TO LET AT LOW RATES,

THE TRIBUNE BUILDING CENTRAL SITUATION, GOOD ELEVATORS, running till after midnight PERFECT LIGHT.

BUILDING ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF,

STEAM HEAT FREE. A FEW TO LET AT VERY LOW PRICES

Apply at THE TRIBUNE COUNTING ROOM A RTISTIC FURNITURE—LATEST STYLES
AT POPULAR PRICES.
WARREN WARD & Co., cor. Spring and Crosby-sts. HAVE BEEN a practical house painter for twefity-eight years, and consider your paints the best I have ever used. have ever used. JAMES HUGHES, 858 3d-ave., N. Y.
To the H. W. Johns Manufacturing Co., No. 87 Malden-lane, sole manufacturers of genuine Asbestos Liquid Paints, Roefing, Beller Coverings, Fire-Proof Paints, Contings, Ce-ments, &c.

## W. W. Sharpe & Co., NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING AGENTS,

Advertisements written, appropriately displayed, and proofs furnished free of charge, with estimated cost of insertion in any number of papers, on application by mail or otherwise.

The leading Daily and Weekly Newspapers of the United States and Canada are kept on file for the accommodation and inspection of Advertisers.

Messis, Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co., School Book publishers say: "We have tried almost every sort of medium in advertising, and long ago became convinced that the results were largely in favor of the fresh and aried columns of the Newspaper"

#### TESTIMONY OF AN OLD AND WELL-KNOWN FIRM.

"An experience of many years has demonstrated to us the great value and benefit derived from carefully prepared and properly displayed advertisements in well-established influential newspapers.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Sole Agents for Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce.

#### A Twenty-Five Years' experience endorsing Newspaper Advertising.

THE WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE COMPANY state:

"In no department of business is there probably so much money wasted as in advertising, and in no department are good judgment and experience more requisite. Twenty-five years' experience has clearly demonstrated the superior advantages and economy of newspaper advertising over all other mediums offered for that purpose,"

#### AN EXPERIENCE OF HALF A CENTURY.

Messes. Lord & Taylor, the eminent Dry Goods house, regarding the value of Newspaper Advertising, say:

"Of all the methods open to the merchant for advertising his business, an experience of nearly half a century enables us to unhesitatingly declare in favor of the Newspaper. It is, without exception, the most economical, persistant, painstaking and successful canvasser any business firm can secure for the purpose of bringing their goods to the attention of the consumer.

### Another Endorsement based on an Experience of Forty-Seven Years.

Messis. Isaac Smith's Son & Co., the well-known Umbrella house, express themselves as follows on the value of Newspaper advertising:

"If what you have to say be strictly true, say it in a good newspaper. Its readers are intelligent, will appreciate a bargain, and of every such customer you make an advertiser. For forty-seven years nine-tenths of our advertising has been done on this plan, and of the whole expenditure, all that we regret is contained in the other tenth."

# DEODORIZED.

MINEROLEUM WILL BRING HAIR ON BALD HEADS

MINEROLEUM

MINEROLEUM

FROM FALLING OUT.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, 75 CENTS PER BOTTLE.



THE PRESIDENT LAWN MOWER.

